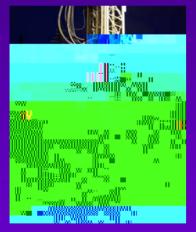
From Hot Water to Hydrogen Bringing Geothermal Power to Alaska















Presented by: Bernie Karl

SMU Geothermal Conference June 12th, 2007

Chena Hot Springs





Chena Hot Springs







Chena Hot Springs VISION:

To become a self-sustaining community in terms of energy, food, heating and fuel to the greatest possible extent



Chena Hot Springs MISSION:

To encourage renewable energy and sustainable community development throughout Alaska

To make Alaska a leader in renewable energy development

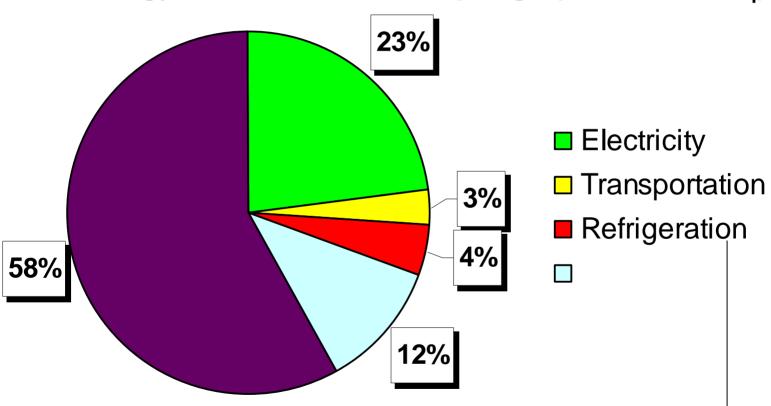


Forming Partnerships with:

- University of Alaska (Horticulture, Geophysical Institute, Mining, Geology)
- Southern Methodist University
- Department of Energy
- Alaska Energy Authority
- Denali Commission
- United Technologies Corporation
- Golden Valley Electric Association
- REAP (Renewable Energy Alaska Project)

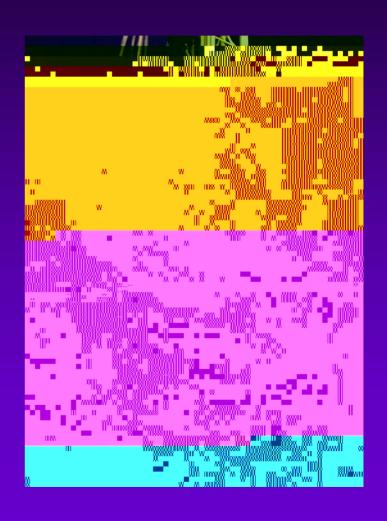


Energy Use at Chena Hot Springs (total 850 kW_{eq})



District Heating

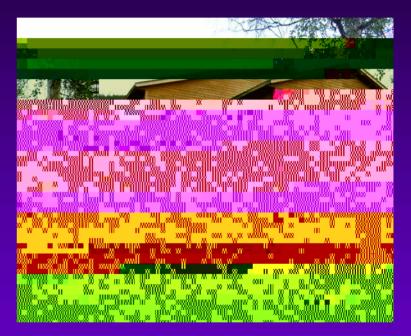




District Heating



- Ø First geothermal well drilled in March 1998
- Ø All buildings on property are heated geothermally using ~300gpm of 165°F water
- Ø Estimated yearly savings of \$183,000 in heating fuel coats



Moose Lodge, 20,000ft² heated solely with geothermal district heating system

Greenhouse & Gardens



- Ø First greenhouse established in 2004 as a joint project between Chena Hot Springs and UAF
- Ø Producing crops for onsite use on a year-round basis



Greenhouse & Gardens



- Ø First greenhouse established in 2004 as a joint project between Chena Hot Springs and UAF
- Ø Producing crops for onsite use on a year-round basis
- Ø New 5000ft greenhouse recently completed for 2006 season
- Ø Heated from geothermal wells but could operate off any waste heat source

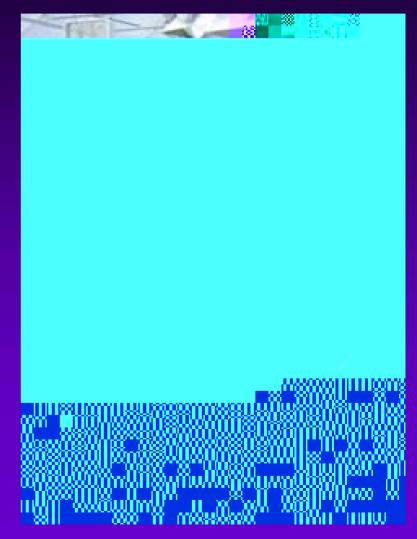


Greenhouse & Gardens



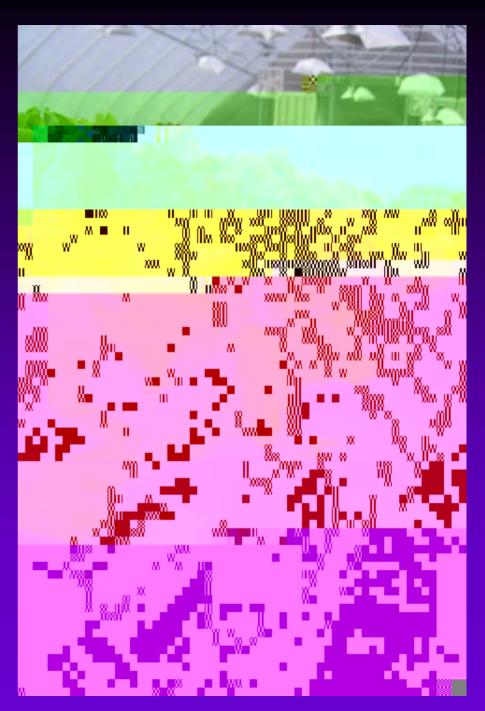


Geothermally Heated Greenhouse #2 at Chena Hot Springs Resort

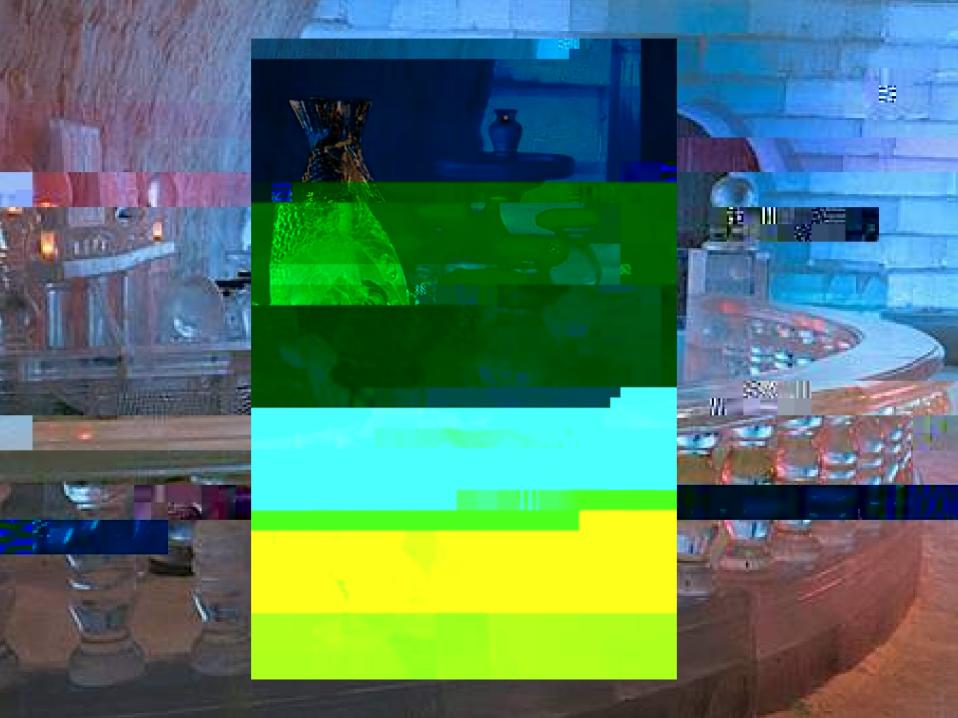




















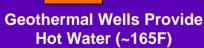


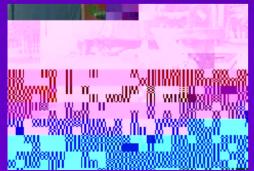
CHENA HOT SPRINGS ABSORPTION CHILLER

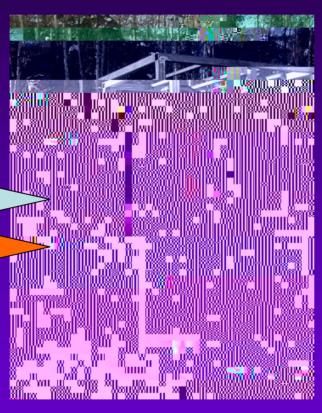




Monument Creek Provides
Cooling Water (~40F)









Approximately 15 tons of Refrigeration Required for Ice Museum (180,000 BTU per hour)



Conventional Wisdom for Absorption Chilling & Power Generation Cycles:

T 230°F



Conventional Wisdom for Absorption Chilling & Power Generation Cycles:

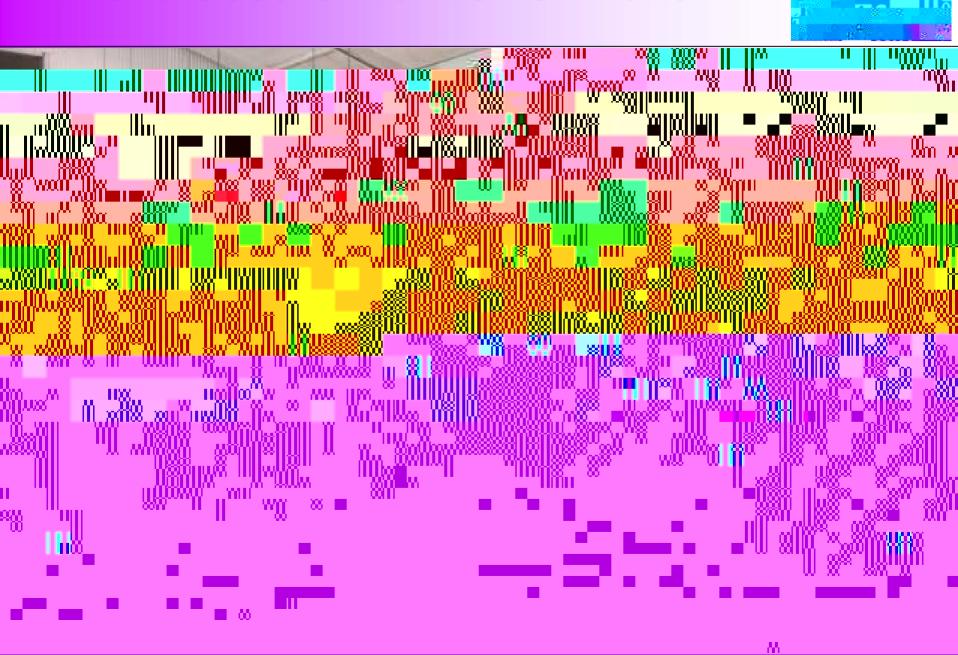




Conventional Wisdom for Absorption Chilling & Power Generation Cycles:

T = 165°F

Chena Geothermal Power Plant



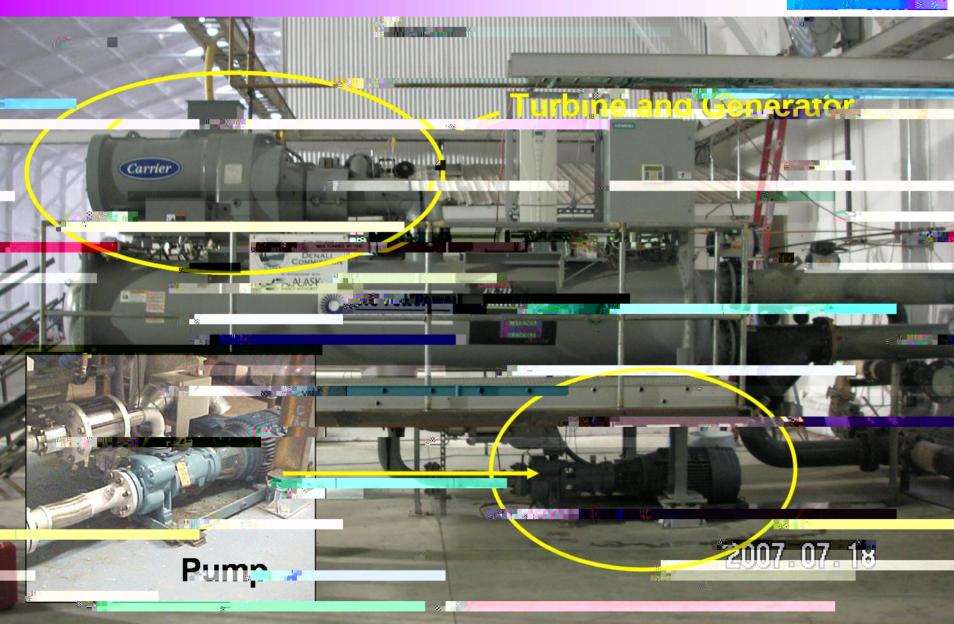
Pratt & Whitney Aircraft Engines, Gas Turbines &

Carrier Heating, Cooling & Refrigeration



Chena Power Plant

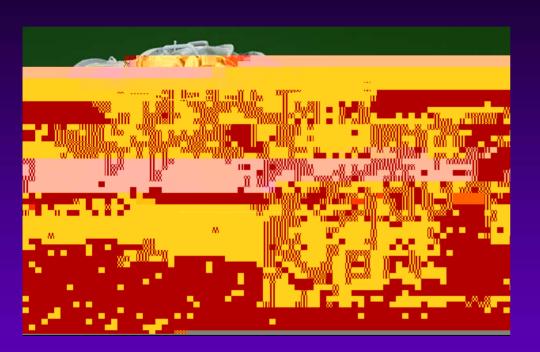




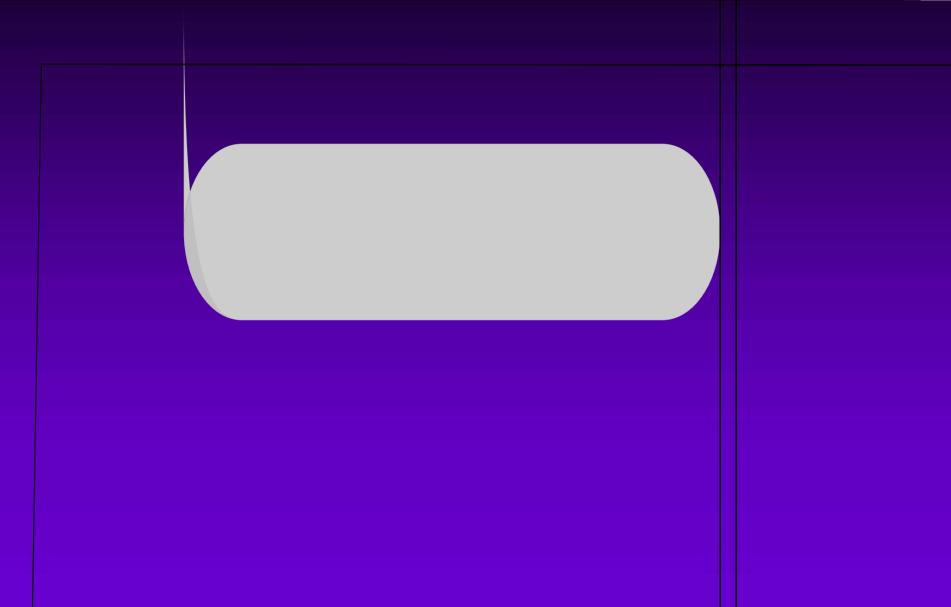
Chena Power Plant

Carrier Chiller

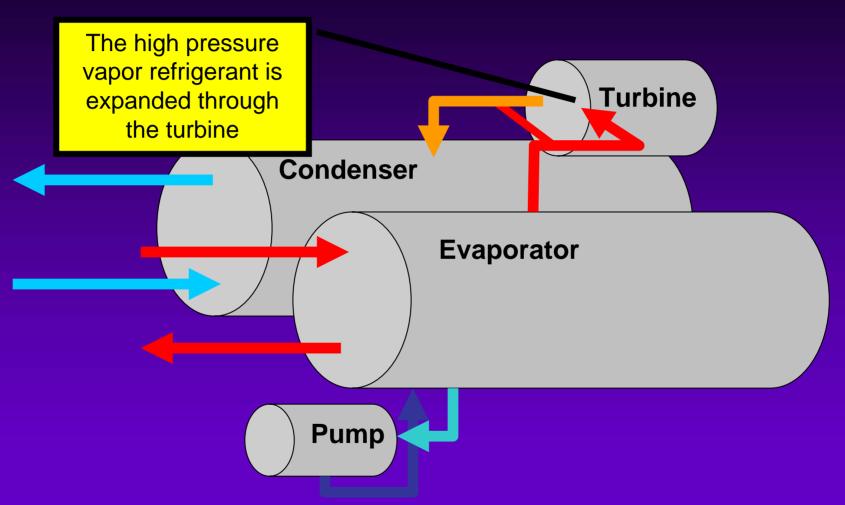




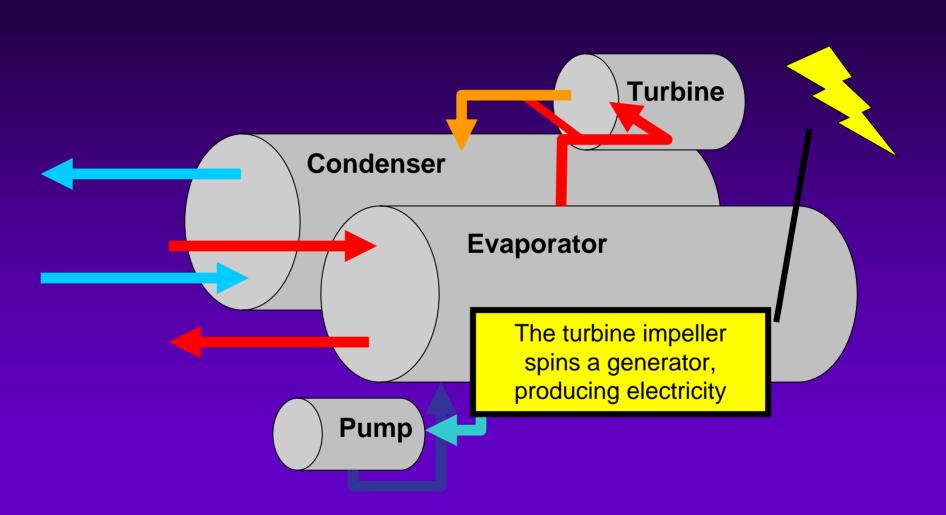


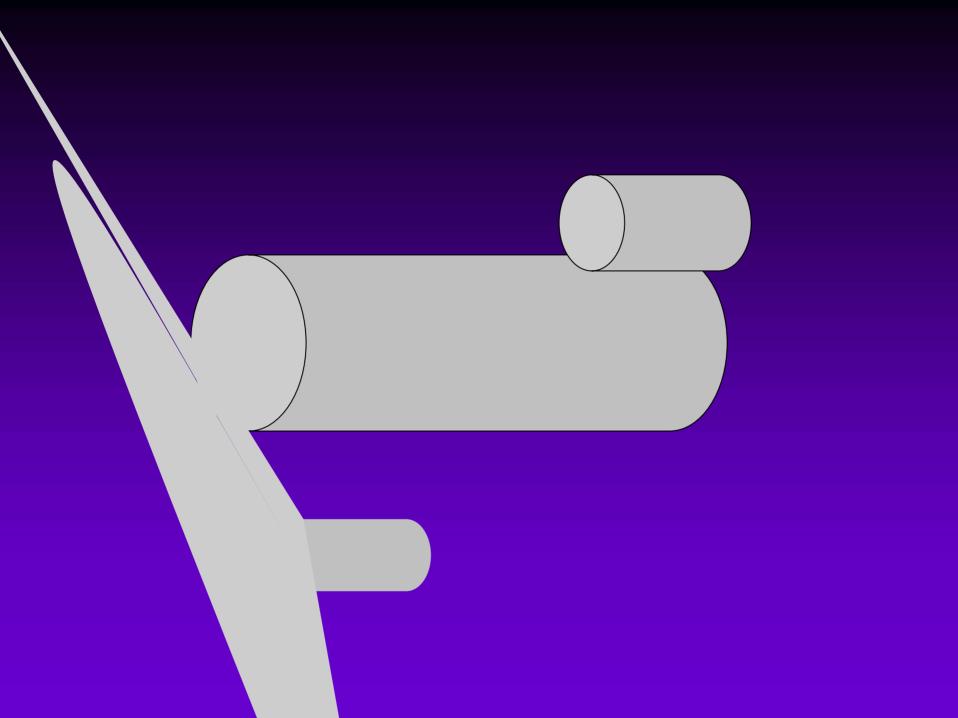


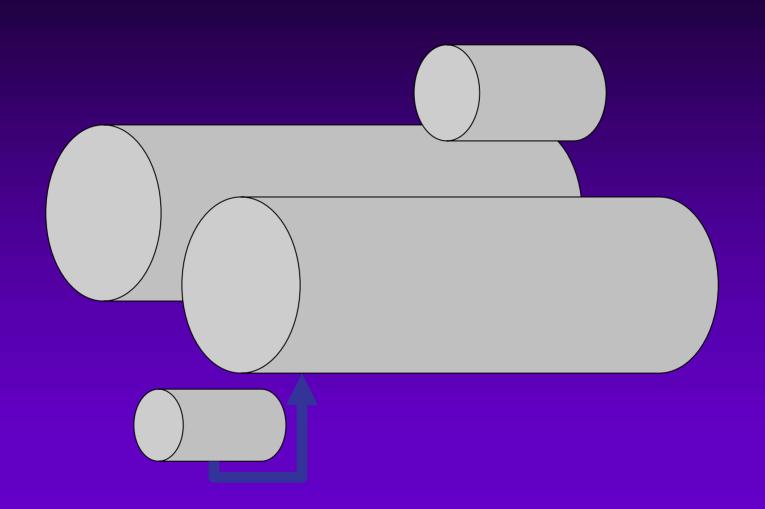




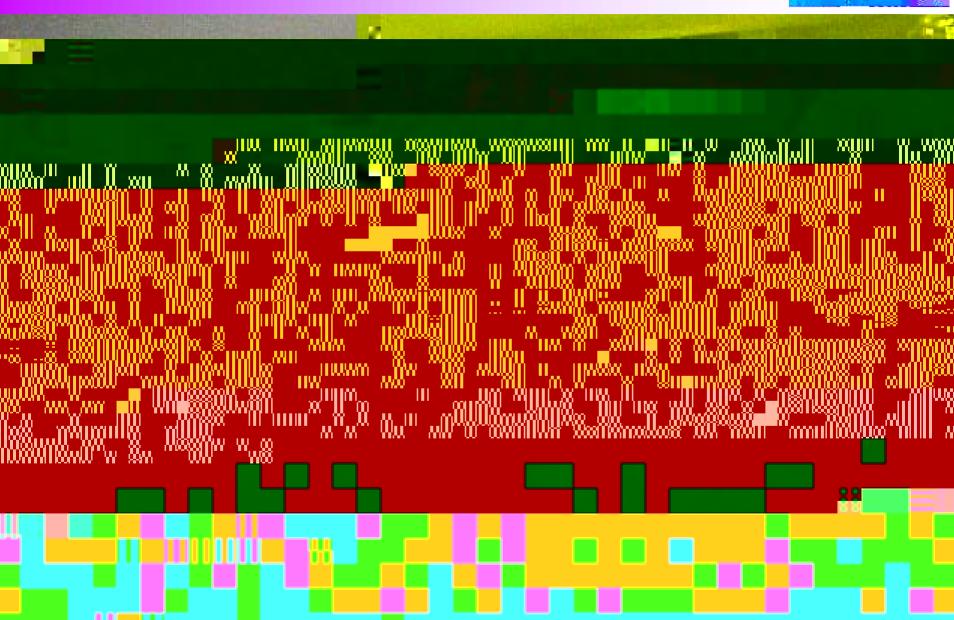






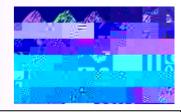


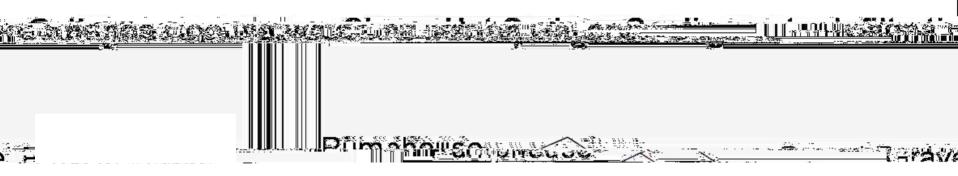




Chena Power Plant Vandy chantagh in

Cold Water Supply



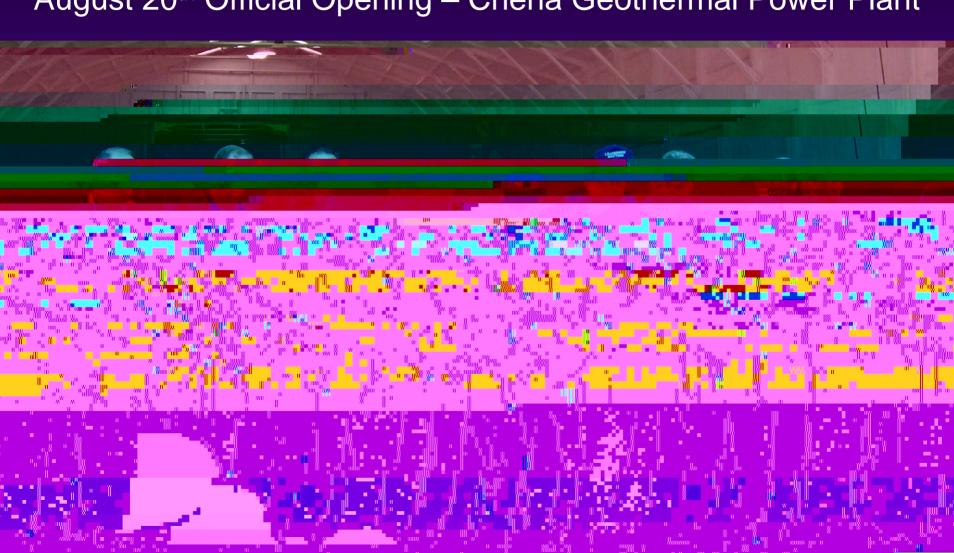


Cold Water Supply









Project Awards and Recognition





2006 Green Power Leadership Award (EPA and DOE)



Project of the Year Renewable Energy Category Power Engineering Magazine PowerGen Conference 2006

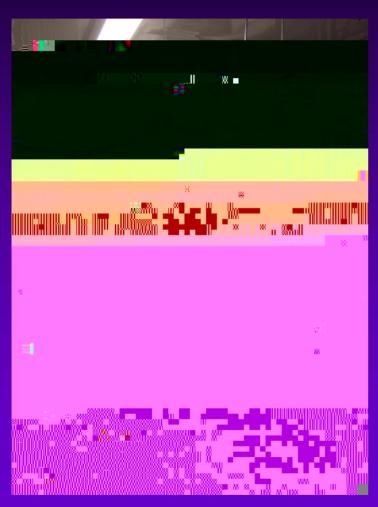


Geothermal Energy is an ideal base load – doesn't depend on sun, wind, rainfall. 99% Availability is common.

Cannot respond quickly to load fluctuations

Battery and UPS System





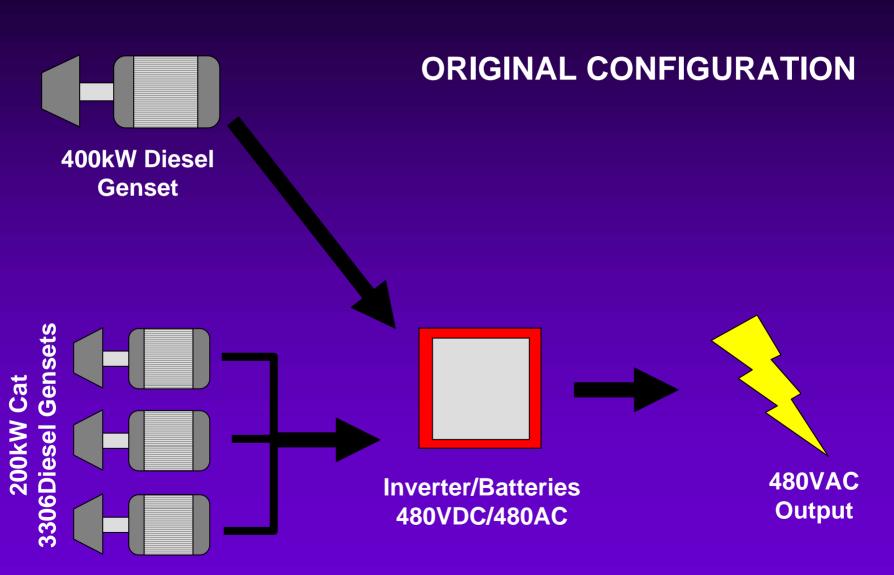
UPS System (MGE)



Batteries 3MW Total

Battery and UPS System

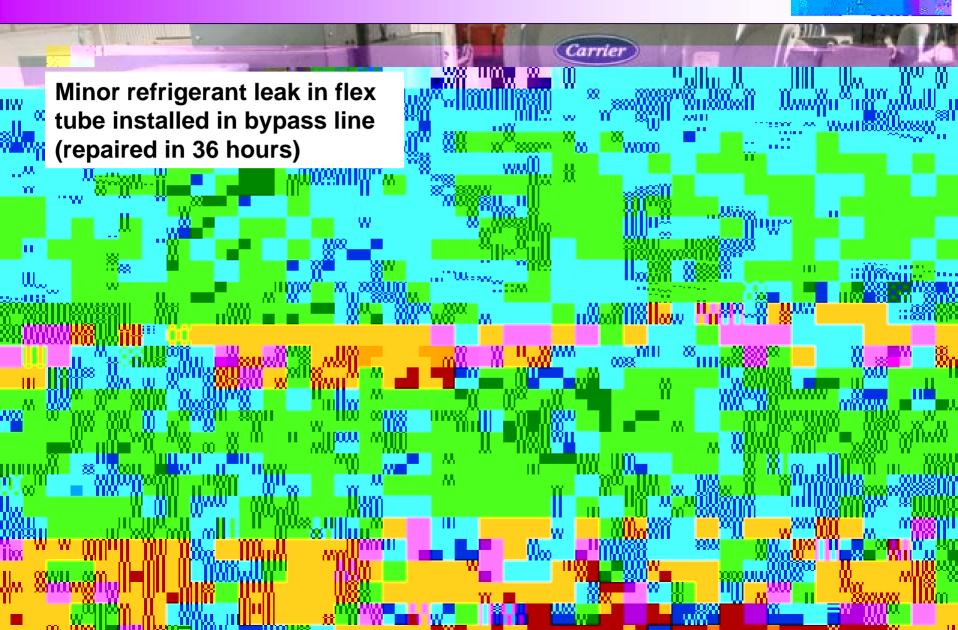




Project Economics



- Offset \$160,000 of diesel fuel in 4 months of operation in 2006
- Has created 3 new skilled positions
- Has increased electric use onsite by 40% in the last Quarter of 2006
- Has operated with 95% availability

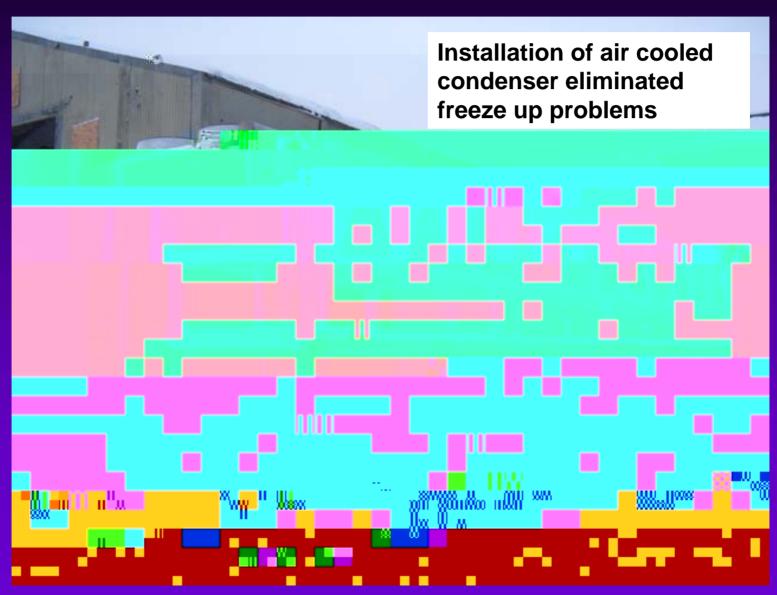


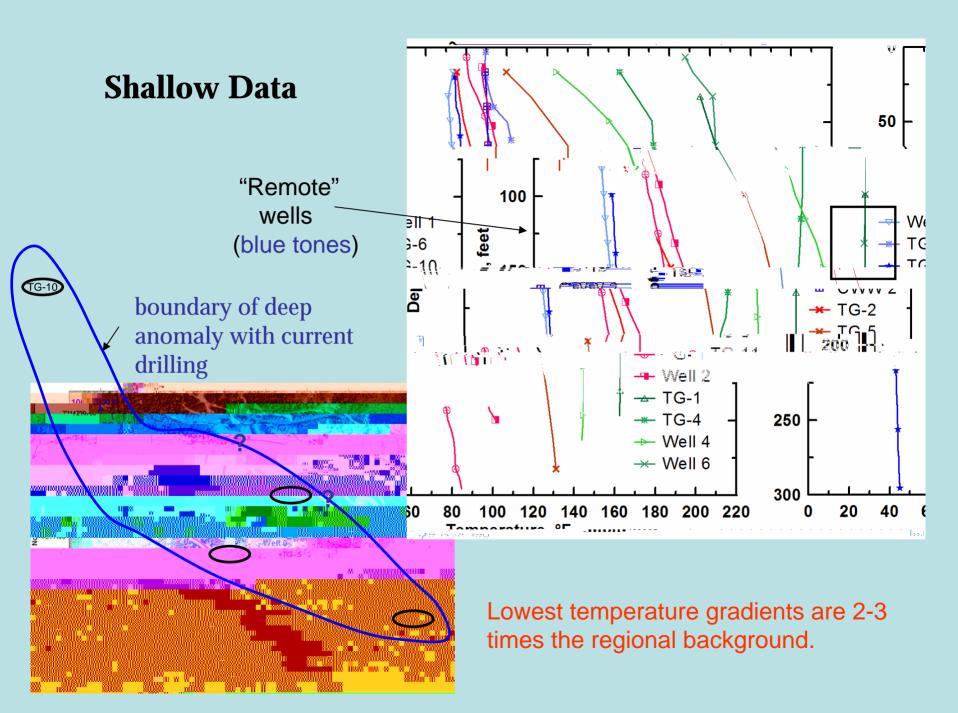


Some freezeup and low water table problems during winter months with water cooled system



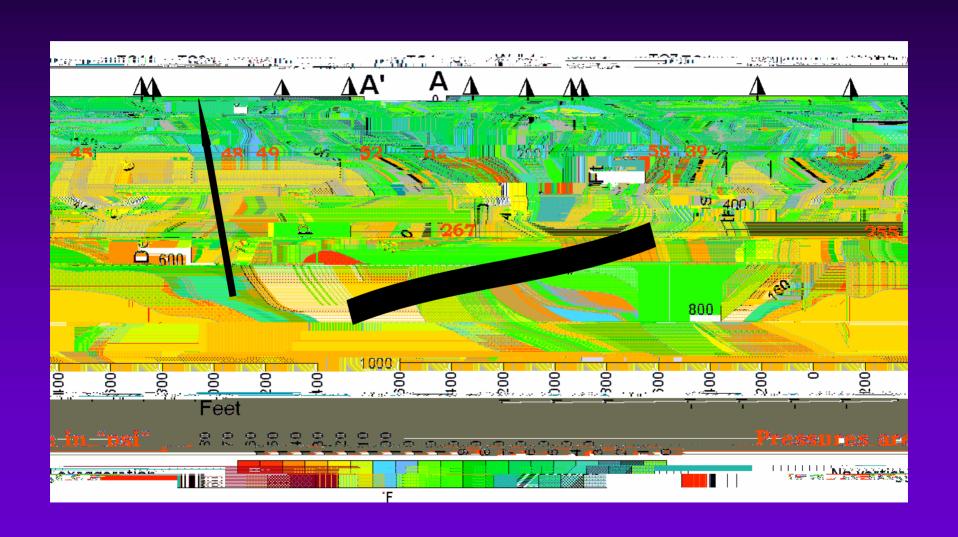




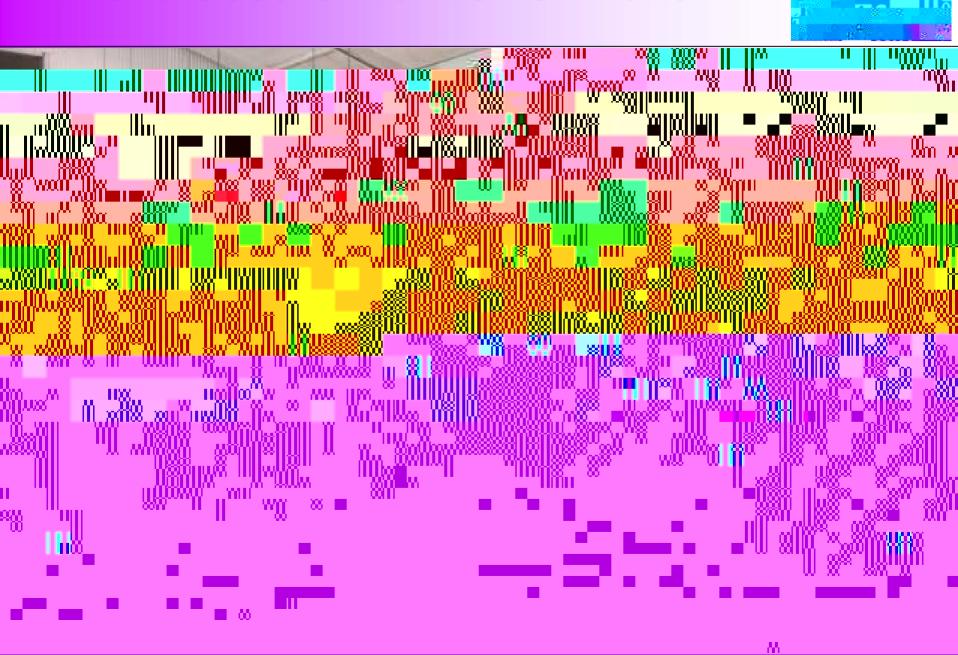




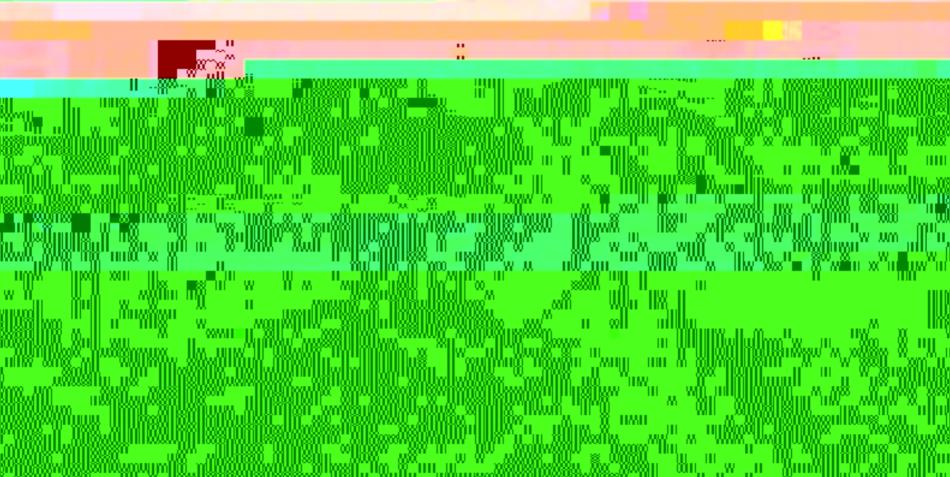




Chena Geothermal Power Plant

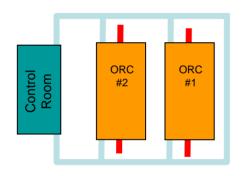






Chena Power Plant - Current





Ov

Chena Power Plant - Future



